The American Civil War
1861-1865

The North
Makes $ from factories, mills and has many railroads
Has more citizens
Has a Stronger Army & Navy (more powerful)
Believed government power should be with Federal (or National) Government. (Federal govt can outlaw slavery)
Lincoln's main goal was to keep the Union together

Some important people: Lincoln (president), Harriet Beecher Stowe (author of Uncle Tom's Cabin), Generals Grant, McClellan

Define sectionalism: loyalty to a state or section rather than to the whole country.
P. 429 text.

Fugitive Slave Law $ (1850) law required all citizens to help catch runaway slaves. (P. 434) People who let fugitives escape could be fined $1,000 and jailed for 6 months. Many free blacks move to Canada in fear of being captured and enslaved.

The South
Makes $ from: exporting cotton (+ selling it to North)
Believed government power should be with State government.
States' rights - states can choose on slave issue (right of property)
Has better military leadership
Are fighting to protect homes and family
Some important people: President Jefferson Davis, Generals Robert E. Lee, Stonewall Jackson, JEB. Stuart

Define secession: Southern states seceded (or withdrew) from the Union forming the Confederate States.

Firing on Fort Sumpter: Confederates attack US government fort in Charleston, SC harbor. This begins Civil War.